

## 'Forgotten'

Key Findings on **HEALTHCARE WAITING LIST COMMUNICATIONS** from the General Public and General Practitioner Surveys



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### **Key Findings**

This document highlights some of the significant findings from our General Practitioner and General Public surveys which illustrate a consistent, clear desire and, indeed, requirement for improved waiting list communications.

The full investigation report also draws upon the survey statistics to strengthen the Ombudsman's findings and recommendations.

#### **General Public Survey Respondent Information**

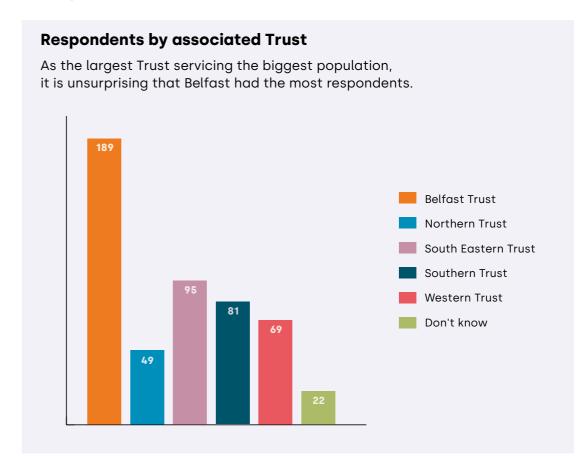
Figure 1.1 General Public survey response breakdown

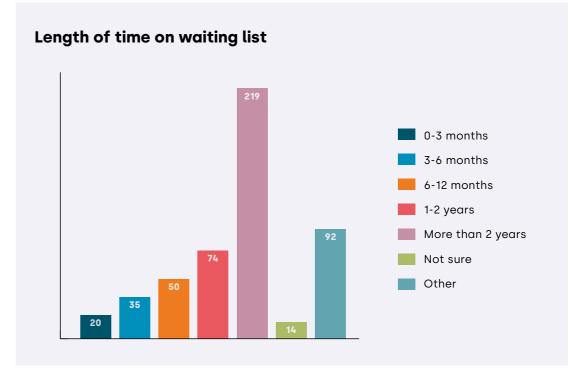




505 people answered the question about which H&SCT waiting list they had been or were currently on and how long they have been waiting/waited.

#### The response levels are illustrated below.

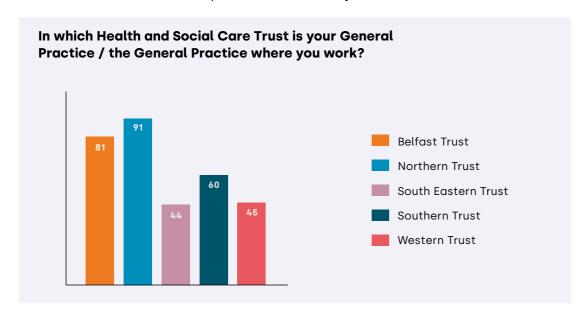




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#### **General Practitioner Survey Respondent Information**

321 General Practitioners responded to our survey.



#### Waiting list communication when received, tends to be limited in content

Waiting list communications when received by respondents, did not contain the information people needed. Below shows the low percentage of responses confirming their waiting list communication contained the following:



#### In Contrast...



of General Public respondents suggested that the first communication (the acknowledgement) should be comprehensive and include a wide range of information including (but not limited to) position on waiting list, length of wait, who to contact for information or if condition worsened and how to manage their condition whilst they wait.



of respondents to the General Practitioners (GPs) survey considered that GPs/patients should be communicated with about changes to their referral status, alongside 84% of the General Public respondents who felt that 'Clinical Urgency' should be included within initial waiting list communications.

#### Waiting List information is difficult to access

The General Public survey found a significant number of respondents were reluctant to ask or unable to access information. The majority of General Public Survey respondents who identified that they had contacted the Trusts, also suggested that waiting list information was not easily accessible.



#### **Communications provided to patients** on waiting lists needs to be improved

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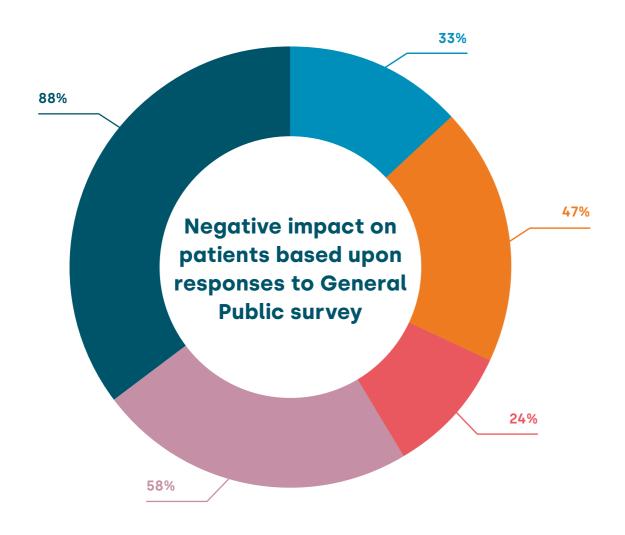
of General Public respondents consider that the communications provided to patients on waiting lists needs to be improved. This was supported by our GP survey where 96% of GPs went as far as to suggest that major improvements are required.



of respondents stated that they had not received any waiting list **communication** (other than an invitation to make a booking/ appointment which may come after months on a waiting list).



Our General Public survey identified that 92% of respondents reported a negative impact from the lack of communication.



- 33% Stated that their circumstances changed while waiting and they were unaware of whom to contact.
- 47% May have considered private treatment had they been informed about the extent of the waiting list.
- 24% Stated that a lack of information led to mismanagement of their care and treatment.
- 58% Were caused distress and frustration in attempting to access information.
- 88% Feel like they have been forgotten about.

## Lack of clarity around GP's role, responsibility and ability to provide waiting list information

As the investigation illustrates, the Department and the Trusts view GPs as a key partner in sharing waiting list (and other) communications with patients. However, our survey findings highlight a lack of coherence in how this works in practice.

#### 79% of **GPs**

agreed that their role includes provision of general waiting time information at the point of referral, but many highlighted that Trusts fail to provide this information which limits GP ability to share this with patients.

95% of respondents

to our GP survey advised they were **not familiar** 

Access Protocol (IEAP) -

with the Integrated Elective

the key Department issued

procedure on how waiting

list are managed.



## 94% of GPs

Less than 4%

of respondents

indicated that **updates should be sent to the GP** to then update the patient.

identified that providing waiting list information to patients places a **significant** strain on their resources.



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#### 95% of respondents

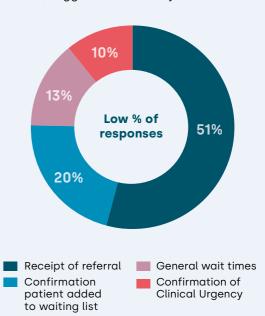
to our General Public indicated that the Trusts should provide regular updates directly to patients.



**High numbers of GPs** indicated that Trusts fail to effectively provide them with waiting list information.



Low percentage of responses, to the types of waiting list information typically available to GPs, suggest accessibility is limited:







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